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None

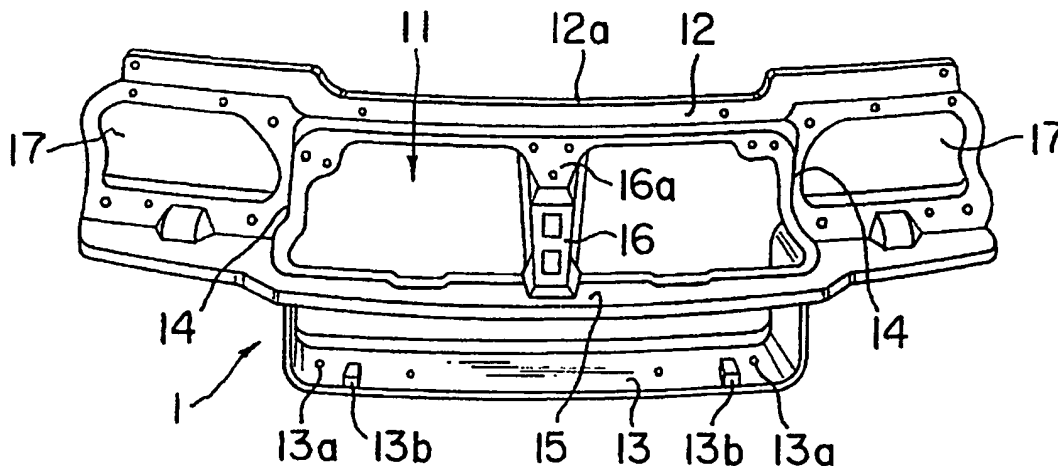
(58) Field of Search

UK CL (Edition M) B7B BCM

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(54) Radiator and bonnet lock carrier structure for vehicle front.

(57) A module carrier structure 1 for a vehicle front includes upper and lower horizontal frame portions 12, 13 that constitute a radiator central mounting frame 11. The carrier structure further includes a middle horizontal frame portion 15 extending in front of the central frame such that frame portion 15 rests on a rear beam member of a front bumper. A central vertical stay portion 16 extends in front of central frame 11, coupling the upper and middle frame portions 12, 15 to each other. Stay portion 16 has a bonnet lock mounting member 16a at its top end. Downward load of the bonnet applied to the lock mounting member 16a is transmitted through vertical stay portion 16 to the middle frame portion 15. When a light frontal collision occurs, the front bumper and its rear beam member simply move backwards relative to the middle frame portion 15, and no substantial damage occurs to the carrier structure.



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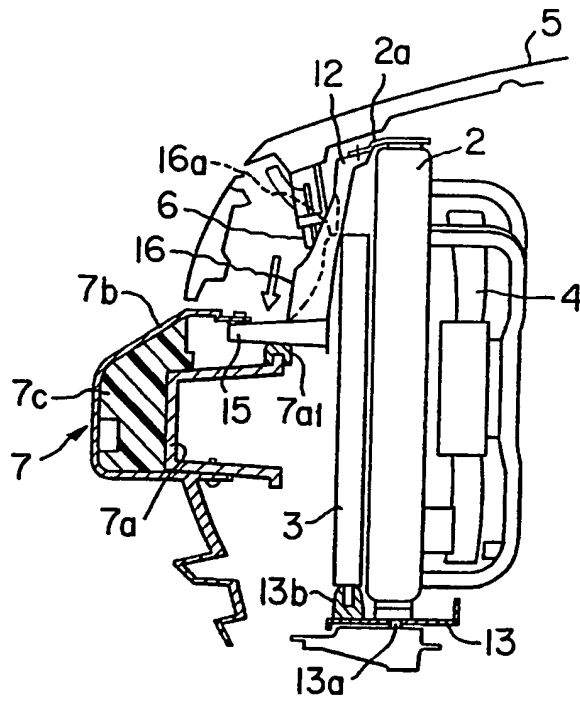


FIG. 3

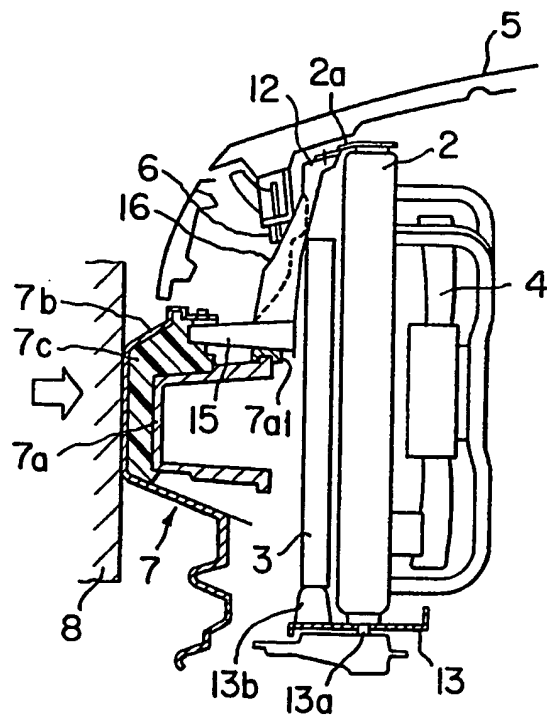


FIG. 4

MODULE CARRIER STRUCTURE FOR VEHICLE FRONT

The present invention relates to a module carrier
5 structure for the front of a vehicle.

A module carrier is disclosed in the Japanese Patent
Application Laid-Open No. 63-312279. The carrier has a
front panel of a vehicle, and on the front panel are
mounted an engine radiator, a cooling fan and a condenser
10 of an air conditioner. The front panel with the above
components mounted thereon is secured to the front of the
vehicle body by bolts or the like in the process of
assembly of the vehicle.

A center upper portion of the vehicle front should
15 have a hood lock mounting part member mounting a lock for
the front hood of the vehicle. The known module carrier
is integrally formed as a suction fan type and is open at
the front thereof so as to allow installation and removal
of the radiator, the condenser and so on into and out of
20 the vehicle engine compartment only through the front
thereof. For this reason, it is difficult to provide the
mounting member on the upper central portion of the
carrier structure. If the mounting member were provided
on the upper central portion of the carrier structure, a
25 complicated construction would have to be provided for
reinforcement which enables withstanding the downward
load from the front hood at the time of closure thereof.
For that reason, two hood lock mounting members must
usually be provided on the right and left upper portions
30 of the carrier structure to mount a pair of locks or
latches for the hood. As a result, the number of the
components of the vehicle increases, and it is necessary
to provide a synchronizing mechanism for unlocking the
right and the left locks at the same time. This causes a
35 problem in that the vehicle is made more complicated in
constitution and higher in cost.

The present invention is made in order to solve the problem mentioned above. It is an object of the present invention to provide a module carrier structure for the vehicle front in which the load of the front hood of the
5 vehicle is supported reliably and deformation of the front bumper as a result of a light collision does not influence the module carrier structure.

According to the present invention, there is provided a module carrier structure for a vehicle front,
10 having a front bumper with a rear bumper beam connected to said vehicle front, the carrier structure being installed in an engine compartment for mounting a radiator and a condenser of an air conditioner, the carrier structure comprising a radiator mounting central
15 frame for mounting said radiator and condenser therein, an upper horizontal frame portion provided on said central frame, a lower horizontal frame portion provided under said central frame in parallel with said upper horizontal frame portion for mounting said radiator and
20 condenser thereon, a middle horizontal frame portion disposed between the upper and lower horizontal frame portions, the middle frame portion resting on the rear bumper beam so as to allow shifting movement of the bumper beam relative to the middle frame portion, and a
25 central vertical stay portion coupling the upper and middle horizontal frames and having thereon a hood lock mounting means for mounting a lock for a front hood of the vehicle.

When the hood of the vehicle is closed and locked on
30 the module carrier structure, the downward load from the front hood is distributed to the middle horizontal frame portion thereof through the hood lock mounting means and the central stay portion so that the load is securely borne by the rear beam member of the front bumper of the
35 vehicle. For that reason, the carrier structure does not need to be provided with two hood locks, and can be made simpler in constitution and lower in weight and cost.

Since the middle horizontal frame portion of the carrier structure is not fixedly coupled to the rear beam member of the front bumper but simply placed to the beam member, it is allowed to shift rearward under the middle horizontal frame portion so that even when the front bumper is deformed due to a light collision against a barrier, the beam member is slightly displaced rearward and the carrier structure is not affected. For that reason, a radiator and a condenser which are fastened to the carrier structure are not damaged at the time of the deformation of the bumper. Besides, the height of the carrier structure can be decreased to lower the front end of the hood. Furthermore, the carrier structure is a module structure so that components such as the radiator and the condenser can be collectively and integrally fastened to the carrier frame and component maintenance and replacement are facilitated.

An embodiment of the invention will now be described by way of example and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view, as viewed from the front and obliquely above, of a module carrier structure for the front of a vehicle, according to the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view, as viewed from a side and obliquely above, of the carrier structure of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a side view of the carrier structure in a state where a radiator is mounted thereon and the carrier structure is fastened to the vehicle; and

FIG. 4 is a side view of the carrier structure in a state where a front bumper of the vehicle is deformed due to a light collision.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention will become understood from the following detailed description thereof referring to the accompanying drawings.

FIGS. 1 and 2 show a module carrier structure 1 for the front of a vehicle according to the present invention. The carrier structure 1 comprises an upper

horizontal frame portion 12, a lower horizontal frame portion 13, right and left vertical frame portions 14, a middle horizontal frame portion 15, a central vertical stay portion 16, and right and left headlight mounting portions 17. The portions 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 are made integral as a whole. The carrier structure 1 has a central, radiator mounting frame 11 made up of the portions 12, 13 and 14. The middle horizontal frame portion 15 extends in front of the space between the upper horizontal frame portion 12 and the lower horizontal frame portion 13. Central parts of the upper and lower horizontal frame portions 12 and 15 are coupled to each other by the stay portion 16.

The upper frame portion 12 has a rear recess or cutout 12a extending along a prescribed length of the portion 12, as shown in FIG. 2. When an engine radiator 2 of the vehicle is fastened to radiator mounting parts 13a of the lower horizontal frame portion 13, an upper portion of the radiator 2 is adapted to be fitted in the cutout 12a.

The lower horizontal frame portion 13 also has right and left condenser mounting parts 13b located in front of the radiator mounting parts 13a. The radiator mounting parts 13b are provided at the front of the portions 13a in order to fasten a refrigerant condenser 3 of an air conditioner of the vehicle to the portions 13b.

The radiator 2 and the condenser 3 are inserted into the radiator mounting central frame 11 from behind the carrier structure 1, as shown in FIG. 2. Thereafter, the condenser 3 is fastened to the condenser mounting parts 13b of the lower horizontal frame portion 13; the radiator 2 is fastened to the radiator mounting parts 13a; and a cooling fan 4 is fastened to the rear of the radiator 2, as shown in FIG. 3. As a result, a suction fan type structure is formed. The upper portion of the radiator 2 is fitted in the cutout 12a of the upper horizontal frame portion 12 and fastened thereto by

fastening members 2a which are typically bolts and nuts. The peripheral portions of the cooling fan 4 are coupled by bolts to the principal elements of the radiator mounting central frame 11 made of the upper and lower horizontal portion 12 and 13, and the right and left vertical portions 14. The central stay 16 has at the top thereof a hood lock mounting member 16a to which a hood lock 6 for locking a front hood 5 of the vehicle is mounted.

10 After the radiator 2, the condenser 3 and the cooling fan 4 are fastened to the carrier structure 1 as described above and headlights are attached to the headlight mounting portions 17, the carrier structure is secured to the front portion of the vehicle body by bolts
15 or the like so that, as shown in FIG. 3, the bottom of the middle horizontal frame portion 15 of the carrier structure rests via a buffer material 7a1 on a rear beam member 7a of a front bumper 7, and an upper edge of a face member 7b of the bumper 7 is secured to the upper
20 surface of the forward edge of the middle horizontal frame portion 15. The buffer material 7a1 may be in the form of a strip extending along the length of the beam member 7a. The hood lock 6 is fastened to the hood lock mounting part 16a of the central stay portion 16 so that
25 the hood 5 can be locked when it is closed. When the hood 5 is closed, the downward load from the hood is transmitted through the stay portion 16 and is distributed to the middle horizontal frame portion 15. The distributed load is then carried by the rear beam
30 member 7a of the bumper 7 through the buffer material 7a1.

Since the downward load from the closed and locked hood 5 is distributed to the middle horizontal frame portion 15 supported by the rear beam member 7a of the
35 bumper 7, the load is reliably carried by the modular carrier structure 1 at the upper half of the structure.

It is to be noted that the middle horizontal frame portion 15 of the module carrier structure 1 is not securely coupled to the rear beam member 7a of the front bumper 7 but simply placed on the member 7a. Therefore, the carrier structure 1 is hardly affected by a deformation of the bumper 7 which is caused when it lightly collides against a barrier 8 as shown in FIG. 4. At the time of a light collision, a shock absorber material 7c of the bumper 7, which is an elastic material between the rear beam member 7a and the face member 7b, is compressively deformed and the rear beam member is also deformed rearward. However, since the middle horizontal frame portion 15 of the carrier structure 1 is simply placed on the buffer material 7a1 on the beam member 7a, the member 7a is freely moved rearward relative to and under the frame portion 15 at the light collision so that the carrier structure 1 is hardly affected by the deformation of the bumper 7. Since the face member 7b of the bumper is made of a thin sheet of a synthetic resin and is not a rigid body, the face member 7b itself is elastically deformed at the time of the collision and hardly affects the middle horizontal frame portion 15 at that time although the upper edge of the face member is coupled to the top of the frame portion 15.

Since the top of the radiator 2 fastened to the carrier structure 1 is not covered with the upper horizontal frame portion 12, the height of the carrier structure can be reduced to allow the upper portion of the radiator 2 to protrude up from the radiator mounting central frame 11 of the carrier structure and to allow the front end portion of the hood 5 of the vehicle to be low. This is useful to enlarge the degree of freedom of the vehicle design. Furthermore, according to the present invention, the radiator 2 can be installed vertically into and taken vertically out of the vehicle body because of the constitution of the carrier structure

once the hood 5 is opened. For this reason, inspection, maintenance and replacement of components of the radiator and other inside components can be made easily without removing the front bumper 7, the front grille and so on.

5 As a result, servicing and maintenance can be performed on the vehicle in practical use in and on the carrier structure in spite of being a module type structure.

While the presently preferred embodiment of the present invention has been shown and described, it is to
10 be understood that this disclosure is for the purpose of illustration and that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

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CLAIMS:

1. A module carrier structure for a vehicle front, having a front bumper with a rear bumper beam connected to said vehicle front, said carrier structure being installed in an engine compartment for mounting a radiator and a condenser of an air conditioner, said carrier structure comprising:

a radiator mounting central frame for mounting said radiator and condenser therein:

an upper horizontal frame portion provided on said central frame;

a lower horizontal frame portion provided under said central frame in parallel with said upper horizontal frame portion for mounting said radiator and condenser thereon;

a middle horizontal frame portion disposed between the upper and lower horizontal frame portions, said middle frame portion resting on said rear bumper beam so as to allow shifting movement of the bumper beam relative to the middle frame portion; and

a central vertical stay portion coupling said upper and middle horizontal frames and having thereon a hood lock mounting means for mounting a lock for a front hood of the vehicle.

2. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, further comprising:

fastening means for fastening an upper portion of the radiator to said upper horizontal frame portion.

3. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, further comprising:

cutout means formed at a rear of the upper horizontal frame portion for fitting an upper portion of the radiator therein.

4. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, wherein:

said middle horizontal frame portion is disposed in front of the upper and lower horizontal frame portions.

5. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, wherein:

said vertical stay portion carries the hook mounting means at a top thereof.

6. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, wherein:

said front bumper has a bumper face sheet that is fastened to the middle horizontal frame portion.

7. The module carrier structure according to claim 1, further comprising:

headlight mounting portions provided at both sides of the radiator mounting central frame.

8. A module carrier substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Patents Act 1977
Examiner's report to the Comptroller under Section 17
(The Search report)

Application number
 GB 9400896.8

- 10 -

Relevant Technical Fields

(i) UK Cl (Ed.M) B7B (BCM)

(ii) Int Cl (Ed.5) B62D

Databases (see below)

(i) UK Patent Office collections of GB, EP, WO and US patent specifications.

(ii)

Search Examiner
 K R STRACHAN

Date of completion of Search
 21 MARCH 1994

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 following a search in respect of
 Claims :-
 1 TO 8

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